premises of three Group 'A' officials which resulted in the seizure of *prima-fact* unaccounted assets amounting to Rs. 23. 69 lakhs. During the same period, the Central Bureau of Investigation has reported 189 searches at the premises of officials of the Government|Public Sector Undertakings which resulted in discovery of assets worth approximately Rs. 396. 97 lakhs.

Contraband imports of gold into India

1090. CHOWDHARY RAM SEWAK; Will the PRME MINISTER. be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that according to "Gold-1986" published by Consolidated Gold Mines p. i. c U. K. the contraband imports of gold into India rose to 123. 4 tonnes in 1985 against 94. 5 tonnes in 1984 and 25. 4 tonnes in 1981; and

(to) if so, what are the reasons therefor and what action Government propose to take to prevent such huge contraband imports, despite the doubling of rewards for the seizure of illegal gold imports?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI): (a) and (to) According to "Gold-1986" published by the Consolidated Gold Mines U. K., it was estimated that during 1985 new gold used for Jewellery fabrication in India was to the tune of 123 tonnes as against 94. 5 tonnes in 1984 and 25. 4 tonnes in 1981 used for the same purpose. This is merely an estimate. Estimates made by other agencies abroad differs widely in this regard. There is no method of verifying the accuracy of such estimates as smuggling is a clandestine activity. No reasonable estimate of the quantum of gold smuggled into the country, is. therefore, feasible.

Gold continues to be one °f the items sensitive to smuggling into the country due to its traditional demand and restricted supplies. The magnitude of smuggling of gold into the-country is largely determined by the fluctuating profit margin as between the domestic and international prices of gold.

Amassing of Pak troops along India's Borders

1091. SHRI MAHENDRA PRASAD: DR. BAPU KALDATE: DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY:
SHRI VITHALRAO MADHAVRAO JADHAV:
SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE;

Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is fact that Pakistan has been amassing troops, guns and ammunition along the Indian borders in the Western and Northern sectors and indulging in other military activities;

(b) if so, since when Pakistan has been carrying out these activities and what is Government's information about Pakistani intentions behind these activities; and

(c) what steps have been taken to meet the situation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI ARUN SINGH): (a) and (b) Pakistan had moved the bulk of her troops close to the India-Pakistan border in end November 1986 under the pretext of taking precautionary measures against the movement of Indian Army formations in connection with Exercise 'Brass Tacks'.

(c) Our Armed Forces took the necessary steps to ensure full defence preparedness. Thereafter, tiallt^ with Pakistan were undertaken at our initiative, which have substantially de-

fused the tense situation along the India-Pakistan borders.

Convention for avoidance of double taxation with Norway

1092. SHRIMATl KRISHNA KAUL: •Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether a convention tor avoidance of double taxation has been signed with Norway; and

(b) if so. the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI): (a) Yes, Madam, A new Convention between the Republic of India and the Kingdom of Norway for the. avoidance of double taxation and the prevention of fiscal evasion with respect to taxes on income and on capital has been signed on 31. 12. 86. This Convention will replace the existing Agreement entered into in 1959. The Convention will come into force only after the two Govern-. ments notify each other that the requisite, procedures in this regard have been completed and shall have effect in respect of income arising in India from 1st April, 1987 and 10 Norway in respect of income arising from 1st January, 1987.

'(b) Under this Convention, business profits derived by an Indian enterprise or a Norwegian enterprise will be charged to tax only in the country of its residence unless the enterprise carries on business in the other country through a "Permanent Establishment" situate, } therein. The Convention restricts allowance of head office administrative expenses of Norwegian enterprises tin India to limits laid down in our law. Gross income from fees for technical services, dividends and interest will be taxed at concessional rates as laid down in this Convention. The Convention determines the respective taxing rights of the two countries on income from profession, pension, salaries etc. and also in respect of profits from off-shore activities in connection with the exploration or exploitation of the seabed and subsoil and their natural resources. It also provides for exchange of information not only for carrying out the provisions of the Convention, but also for the prevention *af* tax frauds and evasion of taxes.

झांसी में रेडियो स्टेशन

1093. **डा० गोविन्द दास रिछारिया:** क्या सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार ने झांसी में रेडियो स्टेशन की इमारत बनाने के लिए कोई भूमि अधिगृहीत की है ; और यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है ; और

(ख) इस भूमि पर निर्माण कार्य के कब तक आरंभ हो जाने की संभावना है और इस पर कितनी धनराशि खर्च होगी ?

सूचना और प्रसारण मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री अजीत पांजा) : (क) जी, हां, आकाशवाणी प्राधिकारियों ने प्रस्तावित रेडियो स्टेशन के लिये मौजा पिछोरा झांसी में जिला परिषद् की 4 एकड़ भूमि 28-1-1987 को कब्जे में ले ली है । यह स्थान राष्ट्रीय राजमार्ग संख्या 25 पर स्थिति है ।

(ख) स्थान का सवक्षण किया जा रहा है । भवन निर्माण कार्य के 1987 के अंत में आरंभ होने की संभावना है । परियोजना की अनुमानित लागत 175.10 लाख है ।